THE MOTHERS Legacie, To her vnborne Childe.

By ELIZABETH IOCELIN.

The second Impression.

LONDON
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for William Barret.

1624.

MOTHERS

HITCHASIIS

Printed by Janu Sauland For Hillsan Earner,





Vr lawes disable those, that are vnder Couert-baren, from dis-

posing by Will and Testament any temporallestate.

But no law prohibiteth any possessor of morall and spirituall riches, to impart them vnto others, either in life by communicating, or in death by bequeating.

A 3 thing.

thing. The reason is, for that corruptible riches, euen to those who have capacity of alienating them, bring onely a ciuill propriety, but no morall & vertuous influence for the wel dispensing, or bestowing them: whereas vertue and grace haue power beyond all empeachment of fex or other debility, to enable and infrue the possessor to employ the same unquestionably for the inward inriching of others.

This truly rich bequeather, taking that care for the providing an everlasting portion for her hoped issue, which

which too many parents bend wholly vpon earthly inheritance, by her death already hath given vnto her Testament that life and strength, whereof the Scripture speaketh, A Testament is of force after death: Now remained the other validitie & privilege of a Testament, that it be enacted in perpetuall and inuiolable Record. Which in this was necessary not so much for the fecurity of the chiefe and immediate Legatary, as for the benefit of all those, who, by the common kindred of Christianity, may A 4 claime

Heb. 9.

claime their portion in this Legacy, left in pios vsus; whereout, whosoeuer taketh, yet leaueth no whit the lesse for others in remainder.

Wherefore vpon the very first view, I willingly not onely subscribed my Approbat for the registering this Will, among the most publique Monuments, (the rather worthy, because proceeding from the weaker sex) but also, as bound to do right vnto knowne vertue, vndertooke the care of the publication thereof, my selfe having heretofore bin

no stranger to the Testators education and emment vertues. Whereof, I here beheld reflection cleere enough, though perhaps not to particularly enident to those that take knowledge of them onely by this Abstract.

In her zealous affection to the holy Ministry, thereto dedicating, (if by fex capable) her yet scarce budding first fruits, I saw the lineaments of her owne parentage: She being the onely off-spring derived from a reverend Grandfather, Doctor Chaderton,

fome-

sometime Master of Queens Colledge in Cambridge, and publique Professor of Diuinity in that Vminersitie, afterward Lord Bishop, first of Ghester, and thence of Lincolne: by and under whom thee was from her tender yeeres carefully nurtured, as in those accomplishments of knowledge in Languages, History, and some Arts, so principally in studies of piety. And thus having from a 3.15,16 childe knowne the holy Scriptures, which made her wife vnto Saluation through faith in Christ, bow well the con-

2 Tim.

tinued in those things, which shee had learned, appeareth, as otherwise to those that knew her, so here to all by the frequent and pertinent application of them in these instructions.

In her prosecution of the duty of obedience vnto Parents I view the deepe impression, long since, when shee was not aboue six yeeres old, made in her minde by the last words of her owne Mother, charging her vpon her blessing to shew all obedience and reuerence to her Father (Sir Richard Brooke) and to her reue-

reuerend Grandfather.

In the whole course of her pen, I observe her piety and humility: these her lines scarce shewing one sparke of the elementary fire of her secular learning: this her candle being rather lighted from the lampe of the Sanctuary.

In her commission of the office of an Overseer to her husband, what eies cannot behold the flames of her true and vnspotted loue toward her dearest, who enioyed her about the space of six yeeres and a halfe, being all that while both an impartials

partiall witnesse of her vertues, and an happy partner of those blessings both transitory and spirituall, wherewith thee was endowed.

Beside the domestique cares pertaining to a wife, the former part of those yeeres were imployed by her in the studies of morality and history, the better by the helpe of forraine languages, not without a taste and faculty in Poetry: Wherein some essay shee hath lest, ingenious, but chaste and modest like the Author. Of all which know-

knowledge shee was very sparing in her discourses, as possessing it rather to hide, than to boast of.

Among those her eminencies deseruing our memory, was her owne most
ready memory, cnabling
her vpon the sirst rehearfall
to repeat aboue forty lines
in English or Latine: a gist
the more happy by her imployment of it in carrying
away an entire Sermon, so
that shee could (almost following the steps of the
words, or phrase) write it
downe in her Chamber.

The latter yeeres of her

life Thee addicted to no other Rudies than Divinity whereof fome imperfect notes remaine, but principally this small Treatise found in her Deske vnfinithed, by reason either of some troubles befalling her about a moneth before her end, or of preuention by mif-reckoning the time of her going with this her fielt (now also last) Childe: which Treatife, intended for her childe, shee so leaving, recommended the same to her husband by her letter to him, written and subscribed by herowne hand,

hand, as hereafter follow-

The many blellings, thee enioyed, were not without fome feafoning of afflictions, which, by the good vie sheemade of them, bred in her a constant temper of patience, and more than womanly fortitude: especially in her latter time, when as the course of her life was a perpetuall meditation of death, amounting almost to a prophericall sense of her dissolution, euen then when she had not finished the 27. yeere of her age, nor was oppressed by

any disease, or danger, other than the common lot of child-birth, within some monethsapproaching. Accordingly when the first felt her selfe quicke with childe (as then travelling with death it selfe) shee secretly tooke order for the buying a new winding sheet: thus preparing and confecrating her selfe to him, who rested in a new Sepulcher wherein was never man yet layd. And about that time, vndauntedly looking death in the face, prinatly in her Closet betweene God and her, shee wrote these pious Medita-

Meditations; whereof her selfe strangely speaketh to her owne bowels in this manner, It may seeme strange to thee to receive these lines from a mother, that died when thou wert borne.

October 12. 1622. In Cambridge-shire shee was made a mother of a daughter, whom shortly after, being baptized and brought vnto her, shee blessed, and gaue God thankes that her selfe had lived to see it a Christian: and then instantly called for her winding sheet to bee brought forth and laied vpon her. Medita-

So

So having patiently borne for some nine daies a violent feuer, & giuing a comfortable testimony of her godly resolution, she ended her prayers, speech, and life together, rendring her foule into the hand of her Redeemer, and leaving behinde her vnto the world a fweet perfume of good name, and to her onely childe (besides a competent inheritance) this Manuell, being a deputed Mother for instruction, and for folace a twinne-like sister, issuing from the same Parent, and feeing the light about

bout the same time.

Which composure because it commeth forth impersect from the pen, doth the more expect to bee supplied and made up by practise and execution.

Sic approbauit

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TO MY TRVLY louing, and most dearly loued Husband, Tourell Iocelin.

deare love,

I no sooner conceiued an bope, that I should
bee made a mother by
thee, but with it entred
the consideration of a

mothers duty, and shortly after followed the apprebension of danger that might prevent mee from executing that care I so exceedingly defired, I meane in religious training our Childe. And in truth death appearing in this shape, was doubly terrible runto mee. First, in respect of the painfulnesse of that kinde of death, and next of the losse my little one sbould have in wanting me.

But

But I thanke God, the fe feares were cured with the remembrance that all things worke together for the best to those that love God, and a certaine assurance that hee will give me patience according to my paine.

Yet still I thought there
was some good office I
might doe for my Childe
more than only to bring it
forth (though it should
please God to take mee)
when

when I considered our frailty, our apt inclination to fin, the Deuils subtiltie, and the worlds deceitfulnesse, against these how much defired I to admonisbit? But still it came into my minde that death might depriue me of time if I should neglect the present. I knew not what to doe: I thought of writing, but then mine owne weaknes appeared so manifestly, that I was ashamed, and durst not ondertake

dertake it. But when I could find no other means to expresse my motherly zeale, I encouraged my selfe with these reasons.

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First, that I wrote to a Childe, and though I were but a woman, yet to a childs indgement, what I wnderstood might serve for a foundation to a better learning.

Againe, I considered it was to my owne, and in private sort, and my love to my owne might ex-

B cuse

cuse my errours.

And lastly, but chiefly, I comforted my selfe, that my intent was good, and that I was well assured God is the prosperer of good purposes.

Thus resolved, I writ this ensuing Letter to our little one, to whom I could not finde a fitter hand to convey it than thine owne, which maist with authority see the performance of this my little legacy, of which my Childe is Executor.

And

And (deare love) as thou must be the overseer, for Gods sake, when it shall faile in duty to God, or to the world, let not thy indulgence winke at such folly, but severely correct it: and that thy trouble may bee little when it comes to yeeres, take the more care when it is young. First in providing it a nurse: O make choise, not so much for her complexion, as for her milde and honest disposition:

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Likewise if the child be to remain long abroad after waining, as neere as may be, chuse a house where it may not learne to sweare, or speak scurrilous words.

Iknow I may be thought too scrupulous in this: but I am sure thou shalt finde it a hard matter to breake a childe of that it learnes so young. It will be a great while ere it will bee thought old enough to bee beaten for eaill words, and by that time it will bee so

perfect in imperfections, that blowes will not mend it. And when some charitable body reproues or corrects it for these faults, let no body pitty it with the losse of the mother.

Next, good sweet heart, keepe it not from schoole, but let it learne betimes: if it he a son, I doubt not but thou wilt dedicate it to the Lord as his Minister, if he wil please of his mercy to give him grace and

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work. If it be a daughter, I hope my mother Brook (if thou defirest her) will take it among hers, and let them all learne one lesson.

I defire her bringing vp may bee learning the Bible, as my fifters doe, good houswifery, writing, and good workes: other learning a woman needs not: those whom God hath blest with discretion, yet I defired not much in

my owne, having seene that sometimes women haue greater portions of learning, than wisdome, which is of no better ruse to them than a maine saile to a flye boat, which runs it under water. But where learning and wifdome meet in a vertuous disposed woman, she is the fittest closet for all goodnesse. Shee is like a wellballanced Ship that may beare all ber saile. Shee is-Indeed, I should but shame

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my selfe, if I should goe about to praise her more.

But, my deare, though
she have all this in her, she
will hardly make a poore
mans wife: Yet I leave it
to thy will. If thou desirest a learned daughter, I
pray God give her a wife
and religious heart, that
she may refe it to his glory, thy comfort, and her
owne saluation.

But how soewer thou disposest of her education, I pray thee labour by all meanes

meanes to teach her true humility, though I much desire it may be as humble if it bee a son as a daughter; yet in a daughter I more feare that vice; Pride being now rather accounted a vertue in our sex worthy praise, than a vice sit for reproofe.

Many Days to reade

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Many Parents reade lectures of it to their children how necessary it is, and they have principles that must not bee disputed against. As first, looke how B 5 much

much you esteeme your selfe, others wil esteeme of you. Again, what you give to others, you derogate from your selfe. And manymore of these kinds. I baue beard men accounted wife that have maintained this kinde of pride under the name of generow knowing or understanding themselues: But I am sure that hee that truly knowes himself shall know so much euill by bimselfe, that bee shall baue

haue small reason to think himselfe better than another man.

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Dearest, I am so feareful to bring thee a proud high minded child, that, though I know thy care will need no spur, yet I cannot but defire thee to double thy watchfulnesse ouse this vice, it is such a crafty infinuating deuill, it wili enter little children in the likenesse of wit, with which their parents are delighted, and that is weet

sweet nourishment to it. I pray thee deare heart, delight not to haus a bold childe: modesty & humilitie are the sweetest ground-works of all vertus. Let not thy servants gius it any other title than the Christen-name, till it have discretion to understand bow to respect others.

And I pray thee be not profuse in the expence of clothes vpon it. Mee thinkes it is a vaine delight

light in parents to bestow that cost vpon one childe which would serve two or three. If they have not children enow of their owne to imploy so much cost vpon, Pauper vbique iacet.

Thus, Deare, thou seest my beleefe, if thou canst teach thy little one humility; it must needs make thee a glad father.

But I know thou wonderest by this time what the cause should bee that There
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doore.

Toe.

we two continually onclassing our hearts one to the other, I should re-Serue this to writing. Whe thou thinkest thus, deare, remember how grieuous it was to thee but to heare mee say, I may die, and thou wilt confesse this would have beene an onpleasant discourse to thee, and thou knowest I neuer durst displease thee willingly, so much I loue thee. All I now defire is, that the runexpe-Etednesse

to her husband.

Etednesse of it make it not more grieuous to thee.
But I know thou art a Christian, and therefore will not doubt of thy patience.

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And though I thus write to thee, as heartily defiring to be religiously prepared to die, yet, my deare, I despaire not of life, nay, I hope and daily pray for it, if so God will be pleased.

Norsball I thinke this labour lost, though I doe live

The Letter

live: for I will make it my owne looking-glasse, wherein to see when I am too seuere, when too remisse, and in my childes fault through this glasse to discerne mine owne errors. And I hope God will so give me his grace, that I shall more skilfully act than apprehend a mothers duty.

My deare, thou knowest me so well, I shall not need to tell thee, I have written bonest thoughts

to her husband.

in a disordered fashion, not observing method. For thou knowest how bort I am of learning and naturall endowments to take such a courfe in writing. Or if that strong affection of thine have bid my weaknesse from thy light, I now profess ferioully my owneignorance: and though I did not, this following Treatise would bewray it: But I send it onely to the eies of a most louing Husband, and of a childe

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The Letter

childe exceedingly belowed, to whom I hope it will not be altogether conprofitable.

Thus humbly defiring God to give thee all comfort in this life, and happinesse in the life to come, I leave thee and thine to his most gracious protection.

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Thine inuiolable,

Eliza. Iocelin.



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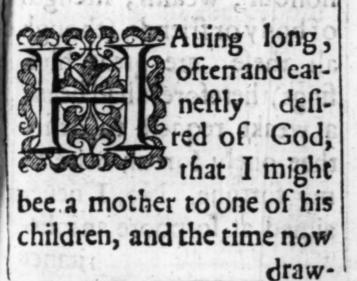
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drawing on, which I hope hee hath appointed to give thee vnto mee: It drew mee into a confideration both wherefore I so earnestly desired thee, and (having found that the true cause was to make thee happy) how I might compasse this happinesse for thee.

I knew it consisted not in honour, wealth, strength of body or friends (though all these are great blessings) therefore it had beene a weake request to desire thee onely for an heire to my fortune. No, I neuer aimed at so poore an inheritance

ritance for thee, as the I hop whole world: Neither ogius vould I have begged of God so much paine, as I know I must endure, to neftly have only possess thee with uing earthly riches, of which to day thou maist bee a great man, to morrow a poore begger. Nor did an hope dandle thy infancy moue mee to desire thee. For I know all the delight a Parent can take in a childe is hony mingled with gall.

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But the true reason that haue so often kneeled to God for thee, is, that thou mightest mightest bee an inheritou of the Kingdome of Heauen. To which end I hum bly beseech Almightis God thou maiest bend al thy actions, and (if it be his blessed will) give the so plentisull a measure of his grace, that thou maiest serve him as his Minister, if he make thee a man.

It is true that this age holds it a most contemption ble office, fit only for poor mens children, younger brothers, and such as have no other meanes to live But for Gods sake bee not discouraged with these vaine

eritou vaine speeches; but fortifie Hea your selse with remem-I hum bring of how great worth rightic the winning of one soule is nd al in Gods sight, and you shall it be quickly finde how great a e the place it is to be a Priest vnto ure of the living God. If it will maiel please him to moue your ster, i heart with his holy Spirit, it will glow and burne with is age zeale to doe him seruice. mpti The Lord open thy lips, poor that thy mouth may thew unger forth his praise. If I had skill to write, I shaue

line would write all I apprehend of the happy estate of these true labouring Ministers:

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but I may plainly fay that of all men they by their calling are the most truly happy; they are familiar with God, they labour in his Vineyard, and they are fo beloued of him, that hee giues them abundance of knowledge. Oh bee one of them, let not the scorne of euitl men hinderthee. Look how GoD hath prouided for thee sufficient meanes; thou needest not hinder thy fludy to looke out for liuing, as the Israelites hindred their worke to looke for straw : If thou beest not content with this, thou wilt not not bee with more; God deliuer thee from couetous-nesse.

I desire thee that though thou takest a spirituall calling, thou wilt not seeke after the livings of the Church, nor promotions, though I honour them as I haue great cause, but I would have thee so truly an humble and zealous Minister, that thy onely end should bee to doe God feruice, without desire of any thing to thy selfe, saue the Kingdome of Heauen. Yet as I would not have thee seeke these things, so I would

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would have thee as carefull not to neglect Gods blefsings, but with all thanksulnesse to receive what hee bestowes, and to bee a caresull steward, distributing it to those that have need.

I could not chuse but manisest this desire in writing, lest it should please God to deprive mee of time

to speake.

And if thou beeft a daughter, thou maist perhaps thinke I have lost my labour; but reade on, and thou shalt see my love and care of thee and thy saluation is as great, as

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if thou wert a sonne, and my feare greater.

It may peraduenture when thou comen to some discretion, appeare strange to thee to receive these lines from a Mother that died when thou wert borne, but when thou feest men purchase land, and store vp treasure for their vnborne babes, wonder not at mee that I am carefull for thy faluation, being such an eternall portion: and not knowing whether I shall liue to instruct thee when thou art borne, let mee not bee blamed though I write

to thee before. Who would not condemne mee if I should bee carelesse of thy body while it is within me? Sure a farre greater care belongs to thy soule, to both these cares I will endeuour my selfe so long as I line.

Againe, I may perhaps bee wondred at for writing in this kinde, considering there are so many excellent bookes, whose least note is worth all my meditations. I confesse it, and thus excuse my selfe. I write not to the world, but to mine own childe, who it may be, will more

more profit by a few weake instructions comming from a dead mother (who cannot every day praise or reproue it as it deserues) than by farre better from much more learned. These things considered, neither the true knowledge of mine owne weaknesse, nor the feare this may come to the worlds eie, and bring scorne vpon my graue, can stay my hand from expressing how much I couet thy faluacion.

Therefore, deare childe, reade here my loue, and if God take mee from thee,

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bee obedient to these instructions, as thou oughtest to bee vnto mee, I have learnt them out of Gods Word, I beseech him that they may be profitable to thee.

(1)

The first charge I give thee, I learned of Solomon, Eccles. 12.1. Remember thy Creator in the dayes of thy youth. It is an excellent beginning, and a fit lesson for a childe. Looke with what the Vessell is first seasoned, it retaines the taste: and if thou beginnest to remember to serve GOD when

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when thou art young, beforethe world, the flesh, and
the deuill take hold on thee,
God will loue thee, and
send his holy Spirit to take
possession of thee, who shall
resist those enemies, and not
suffer them to hurt thee.

To move thy heart to remember thy Creator betimes, meditate vpon the benefits thou continually receivest: First, how hee hath created thee when thou wert nothing, redeemed thee being worse than nought, and now of meere grace he hath given thee his holy Spirit, sanctifying C4 thee

thee to an eternall Kingdome. Thou canst not posfibly understand how great these mercies are, but firaight thy foule must cry, What shall I doe for so gracious a God? All the powers of my soule and bodie will I giue to his service, my first thoughts will I dedicate to him, like Abels lacrifice I will present to him the first fruits of my youth; In the strength of my age will I fall downe before him, and if I liue to old age, that weaknesse will not let my knees bow, nor my hands bee lifted vp, yet **Chall**

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shall my heart meditate on his goodnesse night and day, and my tongue shall be alwaies telling of his maruellous works.

When thou hast thus remembred the infinite mercies of God, it behoues thee to fettle thy selfe to a constant service of him, to order thy thoughts, words and actions to his glory, and to covenant with thy selse that thou wilt not breake thy promises to God. That thou maist the more easily performe these duties, marke I pray thee these following rules for CS ordeordering thy life, and God will bleffe thee and all thy good endeuours.

(2)

At thy first waking in the morning, be carefull of thy selfe, that thou harbor in thy braine no vaine or vnprostable, but of all no vngodly fancy to hinder thy morning sacrifice, but straight frame thy selfe to meditate on the mercies of God, the malicious nesses of the deuill, and thine owne weaknesse.

Thine owne weaknesse is apparant, to thee: for even but now thine eyes were

were closed, thou couldst not see to defend thy selfe, thy strength was gone, so that thou wert not able to resist the weakest creature, a gnat or a sea might glut themselves with thy bloud.

The Deuils malice is as easily perceived, for even now hee lies lurking ready to catch every good motion from thy heart, suggesting things more delightfull to thy fancy, and perswading thee to deferre thy service of Godthough but for a little while.

But bee warned and armed against his tentations;

for

for bee affured if thou once yeeld to neglect praying to God, but one halfe houre, when that time comes thou shalt finde thy selfe farre more vnapt, and thy heart more dull to pray than be-fore: whereas if thou difposeft thy selfe to pray, though thou beeft heavy and vncheerefull in it, yet God, who fearches the heart, and sees thy desire to pray, though thou canft not, will enlighten thee and prepare thy heart against the next time, that thou shalt finde comfort. Therefore, take heed the Devill dedeceive you not, for you see his malice is not small that seekes to cousen you of all happinesse present and to come: For bee assured you can take no true ioy in earthly pleasures, no longer than you seeke after heavenly.

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Hauing thus discerned the infinite malice of the Deuill, and your owne exceeding weaknesse, how doe you thinke you were preserued from his snares while you slept? or doe you thinke hee onely besets you when you are awake? No, bee not deceived, hee is not

fo

so faire an enemy: his hate is such to you, that if hee could hee would teare your body and drag your foule to hell while you slept. Alas, all this hee might have done, your strength was small to resist him. Now you must needs confesse who it is that is only able to preserue you, that it is God, and that it is his mercy, not your desert, that you are preserued: and gather to your selfe a strong resolution with all your force to serue him all the day, and to relift all the tentations of the deuill.

Then

Then being thorowly awake (for sure God likes not sleeping prayer) begin to give God thankes, and to desire the continuance of his mercy towards thee in these words, till thou canst finde such as may better expresse thine owne soule.

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"Cious from the begin"cious from the begin"ning, and mercifull to
"the latter ending of the
"world, I give thee humble thankes, that according to thine abundant

" goodnesse, thou hast gra" ciously defended meethis

" night from all dangers

" that

"that might have happe"ned vnto mee. I befeech
"thee continue this thy fa"uourable goodnesse to"ward mee, and so grant
"mee thy grace, that in all
"my thoughts, words, and
"actions I may seeke thy
"glory, and evermore so
"live in thy feare, that I
"may die in thy fauour, for
"thy Sonne my onely Sa-

(3)

" uiours sake. Amen.

Hauing thus inuited God into your soule, take heed you offend not against so great and glorious a guest:

Thinke

Thinke if thou feeft a superiour entertained with fuch observance of the Master, such diligence in the seruants, fuch a generall care that all things may give a testimony of his welcome, O thinke, finfull soule, what care oughtest thou to haue when the liuing God vouchsafes to dwell in thee: Oh watch, Oh be wary. Doe not (my deare Childe) Oh, not wilfully offend him, for hardly are presumptuous sinnes forgiuen: but if out of weaknesse thou offend against him, runne straight before hee can bee gone,

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gone, for hee is mercifull, and will stay a while after thou hast sinned to expect thy repentance: but if thou does not make haste, then the deuill, who will not delay to seeke thy destruction, hee will accuse thee, mocking thy impietie, and God will leave thee, being more offended at thy neglect, or rather contempt of his mercy, than at thy first offence.

Therefore runne quickly, esteeme no sin small, but what member soeuer caused thee to offend him, bring it before him, and let it II,

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it affift thee chiefly in thy: repentance. If thine eye teach thee wantonnesse, conetousnesse, or the like, let them powre forth teares to purchase thee a pardon. If hy tongue haue offended oward God or thy neighbour, bring it with shame and forrow to confesse in private, what it was not a. shamed to glory of in publike. Learne to be ashamed to commit finne, but, being committed, hope not to hide it from God by any other meanes, than by hearty repentance: so indeed thou maist winne his mercy to

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to couer thy transgression, and in his Sonnes paffion he will bury thine offences, so as hee will hide them from himselfe : but then thou must delay no time, goe quickly, get thee alone, weare thy knees, wring thy hands, beat thy breaft, know as little measure in thy forrow, as thou didft in thy finne. The Lord will not despise a contrite heart, and though hee let thee kneele long, hee will haue mercy at the last. Learne of lacob to wrestle with God, and to cry with a feruent spirit, I will not let thee goe vnlesse on,

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vnlesse thoublesse me. Our Sauiour saith, The King-dome of Heauen suffereth violence, and the violent take it by force.

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Thus you see, it must be an eager, not a slothfull course, that must bring you to Heauen. Take heed therefore that you awoid all the kinds of this sinne. Whatsoeuer you goe about, doe it with cheerefulnesse. Be ashamed of idlenesse, as thou art a man, but tremble at it, as thou art a Christian.

stian. For bee sure the deuill neuer is so happy in his tentations, as when hee emploies them on a slothfull man, who cannot endure to take so much paines as to resist him.

solomon promises no other patrimony to a sluggard but pouerty. GOD hates the slothfull. Witnesse the slothfull. Witnesse the fiue foolish Virgins, and the vnprositable servant, Matth. 25. The one Christ would not know; the other is branded with two shamefull markes, evill and slothfull, and his talent taken from him. What more wretched

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wretched estate can there be in the world? first to bee hated of God as an idle Drone, not sit for his seruice: then through extreme pouerty to bee contemned of all the world. Oh then at no hand yeeld thy youth to sloth, but so soone as thou hast made thy prayer to God, prepare to rise, and rising vse this Prayer.

"In thy Name, Ohblef-

" sed Sauiour, I arise, who

" with the Father, and the

"holy Spirit, created mee,

" and with thine own most

" precious bloud hast re-

" deemed mee. I beseech

"thee

"thee this day, to gouerne,
"keepe, and blesse mee:
"lead mee forth in enery
good way, therein direct
and confirme mee, and
after this fraile and miserable life, bring mee to
that blessed life which
hath no end, for thy great
merit and mercies sake.

Amen.

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Thou art no sooner broke out of the armes of sloth, but pride steps in diligently, waiting to furnish thee with any vaine toy in thy attire.

attire. And though I beleeue there are divers forts of pride more pestilent to the foule than this of apparell, yet this is enough dangerous, and I am fure betraies a mans folly more than any other. Is it not a monstrous thing to see a man, whom God hath created of an excellent forme, each part answering the due proportion of another, should by a fantasticall habit make himselfe so vgly, that one cannot finde amongst all Gods creatures any thing like him? One man, though not resem-D Ming bling

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bling another in shape or face, yet for his rationall soule is like another: but these fashionists have (I feare) changed their reasonable soules for proud soules without reason: could they else deforme and transforme themselues by these new fangled fashi. ons, and apish behauiour; crindging, shrugging, starting, and playing the fantastiques every way. So that they may truly fay when they are fashionable, that they are not like other men: and I beleeue wise men will not be forry for it. For who would be like them?

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I defire thee for Gods fake shunne this vanitie, whether thou bee sonne or daughter. If a daughter, I confesse thy taske is harder because thou art weaker, and thy temptations to this vice greater, for thou shalt see those whom perhaps thou will thinke lesse able, exalted farre aboue thee in this kinde, and it may bee thou wilt desire to bee like them, if not to out-goe them. But beleeue and remember that I tell thee, the end of all these vanities is bitter as gall, flebring of the D2

Oh the remembrance of mif-spent time, when thou shalt grow in yeeres, and haue attained no other knowledge, than to dreffe thy selfe. When thou shalt fee halfe, perhaps all, thy time spent, and that of all thou halt lowed, thou halt nothing to reape but repentance, late repentance, how wilt thou grieue? How wilt thou accuse one folly for bringing in another? and in thy memory cast ouer the cause of each missortune which hath befallen thee, till paffing from one to another, at last thou findest thy corrupt

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corrupt will to beethe first cause, and then thou wilt with griefe enough perceiue, that if thou hadft ferued God when thou feruedit thy fond defires, thou hadft now had peace of heart. The God of mercy give thee grace to remember him in the dayes of thy youthline nothinger

Mistakemenot, nor give your selfe leaue to take too much liberty with faying, My mother was too frict. No, I am not, for I give you leave to follow modest fashions, but not to be a beginner of fashions: nor would

would I have you follow it till it bee generall; so that in not doing as others doe, you might appeare more singular than wise: but in one word, this is all I desire, that you will not set your heart on such sooleries, and you shall see that this modest carriage will win you reputation and lone with the wise and vertuous sort.

And once againe, remember how many houres mailt thou give to God, which if thou spendest in these vanities, thou shalt neuer bee able to make account of. If thou dost but

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endeuour to doe well, God will accept the will for the deed, but if thou wilfully spend the morning of thy time in these vanities, God will not bee put off with such reckonings, but punishments will follow, such as I pray God thou maist not pull vpon thee.

Yet alas, this is but one lort of pride, and so farre from being accounted a vice, that, if the time mends not before you come to understanding, you will heare a well drest woman, (for that is the stile of homour) more commended D 4 than

than a wife or honest, or religious woman. And it may bee, this may moue you to follow their idlenes: but when you have any such desire, draw your seife to consider what manner of persons the commended and commenders are, and you shall finde them all of one batch, such as being vaine themselves, appland it in others.

But if you will defire praise, follow the example of those religious women, whose vertuous fames time hath not power to raze out: as denout Anna, who serued

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ued the Lord with fasting and prayer, Luke 2. Iust Elizabeth, who served God without reproofe: Religious Ester, who taught her Maids to fast and pray, Est. 4. 15. and the chaste Susanna, whose story, I hope, the strictest will allow for aworthy example.

I am so fearefull that thou shouldst fall into this sinne, that I could spend my little time of life in exhorting thee from it. I know it is the most dangerous subtill sinne that can steale the heart of man, it will alter shapes as oftas the Came-

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lion

lion doth colours, it will fie it selse to all disposicions, and (which is most strange) it will so disguise it selle, that he mult be cunning who discernes it from humilitie, nay it may lie in thine owne heart, and it thou beest not a diligent searcher of thy selfe, thou shale not know it: but if thou watch well thou shalt take it, for it hath one property that cannot change, as the common people beleque the Deuill cannot alter the shape of one foot. It is true of pride, that though it bee changed into that ill

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that Angell of light, Humility, yet thou maift know it by selfe-love; if thou findest that within thee, be sure pride is not farre off. For humility will make thee feeme vile in thine owne eyes, it will make thee fee thine owne faults, and confesse them to bee greater than other mens; so that thou wilt respect every man above thy selfe. But the rules of selfeconceit are iust contrary, they stand on tiptoes, reckning their vertues like the proud Pharifie, foorning to be like other men. Shun Shunne it for thy soules sake, for if thou entertaine it, it is such a shamelesse flatterer, that it will make thee beleeue thou art greater, wifer, learneder than all the company, when indeed, thou wilt proue thy selfe the greatest soole of them, wearying them all with thy vaine talke.

solomen saith, Pride goeth before destruction, Prou.
16. 18. And a high minde
before the fall. And our
blessed Sauiour, the true
patterne of humility, exhorts vs to learne of him that
was lowly and meek in heart,

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Mat. 11. 29. And if we doe so, he promises we shall find rest vnto our soules. Neither want there curses, threatning, where perswasions will not serue. Whosoeuer exalteth himselfe shall bee humbled, Luke 14. 11. Reade the holy Scriptures often and diligently, and thou shalt finde continuall threatnings against pride, punishment of pride, and warnings from pride. Thou shalt finde no sinne fo heavily punished as this: it made Deuils of Angels, a beast of great Nabuchedo. nezzar, dogs meat of le-Zabel,

zabel, and I will conclude with a good mans saying, If all the sinnes reigning in the world were burnt to ashes, even the ashes of pride would bee able to reduce them all againe.

I know in fewer words
there might much more
haue beene said against this
sinne, but I know not who
will say so much to thee
when I am gone. Therefore I desire thou maist bee
taught these my instructions when thou art young,
that this soule sinne may be
weeded out before it take
deepe root in thy heart. I
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will returne now to my first purpose, which is to set thee downe one day for a patterne, how I would have thee spend all the dayes of thy life.

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Therefore auoiding all manner of pride, make thy felfe decently ready, which being done, retire to a place alone, where humb ing thy felfe vpon thy knees, againe renew thy prayers, humbly confessing, and earnestly desiring forgiuenesse for all thy sinnes, and vse Doctor Smiths morning prayer, than

than which I know not a better, nor ever did I finde more comfort in any.

In aduiting you to a fet forme of prayer, I doe not prohibit conceiued Prayer, but humbly beg of God to give you grace to pray often out of your owne meditations according to his will.

But when it shall please God to call you to the charge of a family, I will not direct, but deliuer my opinion, that then a set forme of prayer is most necessary: my reason is, that your servants being vsed to

it, are alwayes ready to goe along with you in their hearts, word for word, as you pray, and continuance makes them to understand every word, which must needs cause greater devotion, and give more life to the prayers.

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When you have finished your private prayer, be fure that you absent not your selfe from publike prayer, if it bee vsed in the hoase where you live: which ended, goe and vse any lawfull creation, either for thy

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thy profit or pleasure, and from all these exercises re serue a time to sit downe to some good study, but vie that most that may make thee greatest, Diui nicie. It will make the greater, richer, happier than the greatest Kingdome of the earth, though thou couldst possesse it. If any man serue me, saich Christ, him will my father bonor; If Mordecay were thought so highly honoured by Abafuerus, for a little gay trapping, what shall be done to him whom God will honour ? noiseon

e, and Therefore if thou delises re est honour, serue the Lord, owne and thou art fure of it. If but sches bee thy aime, Saint may Paul affures thee, that God-Diui Inesse is great gaine. If thou thet ouet pleasure, set Danids than elight before thine eies, 1 ne of saue had more delight in thy thou fimovies than in all manany per of riches, Pfal. 1 19. And rift, In the 92. Pfalme hee faith, 101; Thou Lord hast made mee aght glad by thy workes. In the 1 4-4. Pfalme, Thou haft ginen mee more iny of heart, egc. gay one and reading the 91. Plalme, hothou. shalt see what manner of bleffings they are that ere-God

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God makes his childre merry withall. And who thou haft once fixt th heart to this Audy, it wi be so sweet, that the mor thou learnest, the mor thou wilt desire, and th more thou defireft, th more God will love the Thou wilt study so well i prinate, and practife it in thy actions publikely, tho wilt weigh thy thoughts f euen, that thy words that not bee light, and a fee lines I will vie to perswad thee to bee aduised in the words. (8) Though vell i vee to forget God in our

tina foolith talke, that fome-

the imes wee by our discourse

es a would make Gods of our

that felues. Therefore it will

fer not bee amisse to receiue a

wad few inftructions, though

the weake, from mee for orde-

ough The morning I have de-

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ring thy speech.

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dicated to meditation, praier, good studies, and honest recreation. The noone time is most vsed for discourse, it being all a man can doe while hee eats, and it is a time wherein a man ought to bee carefull of his speech, having before him Gods good bleffings to refresh his body, and honest company to recreate his minde, and therefore ought to bee no way offensive in his speech either to God or good men. But most especially take heed that neither heedlesnesse nor earnestnesse in thy discourse, cause thee

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Name in vaine, but alwaies speake of him with reuerence and vnderstanding.

Next, let not thy neighbour suffer in thy speech, but bee rather silent than speake ill of any man, though hee deserveit. And that thou maift doe thus, obserue this rule; whensoeuer thou hearest one ill spoken of, before thou fecond it, examine thine owne heart, and it is ods but thou maist finde in thy selfe either the fame fault, or a worfethan that hee is acculed for. So thou shalt bee forced

forced either to mend thy selfe, or not to condemne him.

Also shunne multiplicity of words, and what thou speakest, bee sure to vnderstand fully, for it is a grating to the eare to heare a man talke at randome. If thou desirest to better thy selfe, modeftly aske a question of those whom thou seeft to haue knowledge to resolue thee, and bee lesse ashamed to confesse thy ignorance, than by holding a foolish argument, to berray it. And euer auoid that fcornfull fashion of questioning a man,

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man, who, thou knowest, cannot make thee a satisfying answer: neither make a scorne of his ignorance, for bee assured hee knowes something that thou dost not know.

If God haue giuen thee a ready wit, take heed thou abuse it not. At no time maintaine arguments against the truth, especially in sacred or morall matter: for it is hard to doe it, without offending the God of truth; and by it thou maist harme thy weake brother, but the greatest harme will bee thine owne when E thou

thou commest to give account for thy idle words.

In thy mirth shun such iesting as may make thee offensive, scoffing becomes not a Christian. Prise not therefore the froth of an idle wit, before the faith of a vertuous friend.

And I pray thee, as thou wouldest haue blessings multiplied upon thee, let no speech passe from thee that may grieue chaste eares. How hatefull is obscene speech in rude people? But it makes one of gentle birth odious to all honest company. Solomon saies,

faies, A wife man conceales knowledge, but the heart of a foole publisheth foolishnesse, Prou. 12. 23. and bee that keepeth his mouth, keepeth his life, 13.3. and in the 14.5. The lips of the wise preserve them.

To conclude, let thy tongue and thy heart goe together, hate dissimulation and lying, and God will loue thee, which I humbly beg of him.

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If thou keepe thy thoughts holy, and thy words pure, I shall not need to feare, but

all thy actions will bee honest. But my feare thou
shouldest know the way,
and yet goe aside, will not
suffer my counsell to leave
thee alone, till thou come
to thy journies end.

First then bee carefull when thou art alone, that thou doe nothing that thou wouldest not doe if men saw thee: remember that Gods eye is alwayes open, and thine owne conscience will bee witnesse enough against thee.

Next bee sure that no action of thine may bee a scandall to thy profession,

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I meane to the profession of the true Religion. This indeed is as much as to fay to thee, Eschew euill. For there is not the least sinne thou canst doe, but the enemies of truth will bee glad to say, Loe, this is one of them that professes God in his mouth, but see what his life is. Therefore a great care ought a Christian to haue, especially those whom God hath fet as lights in his Church.

Whatsoener thou art about to doe, examine it by Gods Commandements: if it bee agreeable to them,

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goe on cheerefully, and though the end answer not thy hopes, neuer grieue nor grudge, but bee glad that Gods will is performed, and let thy trust in him asfure thee, that all things worke together for the best to them that love GOD. And though it appeare a crosse, be assured it is a blesfing. Therefore make right vse of it; examine thy selfe what sinne thou hast committed that may challenge that punishment, repent of it, and reconcile God vnto thee, bearing thy Crosse with patience, and doubt

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not hee that deprined thee of thy hope to try thee, will (if thou beare it well) give thee as great or a greater bleffing than thou hopest for. But if thou shalt finde that thy attempts will not endure that triall, breake from them, and tell the Deuill in plaine termes thou hast a light to discerne his fnares by, and therefore scornest to be his slave. For beleeue mee, my childe, if thou shalt out of any worldly respect doe a dishonest act, it may bee thou maist thriue in it a while, but the end is miserable. the the burthen of a wounded conscience who can beare?

If thou feelt others thrive & grow great in such courses, reade the 73. Psalme; there thou shalt see David himselfe confesses his foot had wel-nigh flipt when hee saw the prosperity of the wicked ! Hee describes all their felicities, but at the last when hee went into the Sanctuary, hee found what their end was, how they were set in slippery places, &c. and then hee cries, Whom have I in Heaven but thee? And I have desired none in the earth with thee. Alas ided

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Alas, all their labour is but to build a paper house vpon the fand, which though it bee neuer so glorious to looke vpon, a fm ill tempest will thatter it. When if thou lay the foundation of thy happinelle vpon Christ the rocke of thy faluation, and build it with zealous feruice of him according to truth, then though the flouds beat against it, and huge tempests threaten it, thou needest not feare, for thy wals will stand fast, and thy foundations will secure thee.

It were enough to per-E 5 swade swade any man to bee honest if hee would consider the day of affliction, and store vp the comfort of a quiet conscience against it came: for onely that dilcernes the patient lob from despairing Caine, Caine hideously cries out, his punishment is greater than hee can beare. Iob fighs forth, Loe though hee flay mee, yet will I trust in him. Indeed, till affliction comes, the worler fort of men appeare to bee the happiest, but then the chaffe is soone knowne from the wheat: the good man knowes his croffe is good

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good for him, beares it patiently; and casts his care on Christ, his heart knowes no repining, nor his tongue other complaining, but Shall I receive good from God and not eaill?

On the contrary, when affliction fals vpon those who have laid their foundation on the sand, alas, they have no comfort, they are either ashamed or besorted, they cannot finde God, nay they will not seeke him: but in stead of seeking counsell from him, they are not ashamed (with forsaken Saul) to implore the

the Deuill. What doe they lesse that seeke after Witches for loft goods, cure for themselves, their children, or cattell? I hope there are but few of these : but I know where God is once forsaken, man is apt to fall into the depth of sinne. It is grace, meere grace, that preserues Gods children from these dangerous fals, of which grace I befeech Almighty Godmake vs all partakers.

And to conclude, how I would have thee square thine actions, whatfoeuer thou doest, remember that

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thou art in the presence of God, (who will expect an account from thee) so thou wilt not dare to doe euill, and thou wilt doe well cheerefully, because thou art sure it pleases the Lord, who sees thy willingnesse, and will not leave thee vn-rewarded.

The vices most reigning in these times I must particularly adule thee to shun: first, swearing. For Gods sake, let your communication be yea, yea, and nay, nay, for what is more (saith Christ) commeth of cuill. Keepe not company with

a swearer, lest custome make thee forget how great the sin is, and so by little and little thou maist get thy selfe a habit of it. Reproue it in thy friend, if hee will brooke reproofe: but it is to no end to reproue a scorner: Rebuke not a scorner lest hee hate thee, but rebuke a wise man, and he will loue thee, Prou. 9.8.

Alwayes keepe a watch before thine owne lips, and remember that thou needest not sweare if thou doest not accustome thy selfe to lie. For if thou viesto tell truths, thy word will

will bee as current as thy oath. I hope thy calling (if God hath made thee a man) will bee of authority to reproue this vice in others, and not to delight in it thy selfe. If thou beest a Daughter, remember thou arta Maid, and fuch ought thy modesty to bee, that thou shouldest scarce speak, but when thou answerest: thou art young, speake if need bee, and yet scarcely when thou art twice asked, Eccles. 32.8. Whatsoeuer thou bee, thou half a calling, which thou must not dishonour: thou art a Chri-Mian,

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stian, and Christ commaunds thou shalt not sweare at all, Mat. 5.34.

The next vice too too common in this age is Drunkennesse, which is the high way to hell: a man may trauell in it from finne to sinne, till the Deuill shew him hee can goe no further, as a Traueller from Inne to Inne, till hee come to his iourneyes end. Oh thinke how filthy is that sinne that makes a man a beaft all his life, and a Deuill at his death. Solomon askes, To whom is woe? to whom is forrow? to whom is strife?

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strife? to whom is murmuring? to whom are wounds without cause? and to whom is rednesse of the eies? And in the next verse answers, Euen to them that tarry long at the Wine, and to the end of the Chapter, sets forth the miseries occasioned by this vice, Prou. 23.

That thou maist auoid this sinne, be carefull in the choise of thy friends, for it is they that will betray thee to this sinne. Neuer make choice of a Drunkard to thy companion, much lesse thy friend. For our Kingdome hath of late

late afforded more examples of those who have beene slaine by their friends in a drunken quarrell, than those that have fallen by the enemies sword: and how vnfit is hee to bee a friend, that when thou shalt have need of his counfell, will have his head, in stead of wisdome, fild with wine, and adde rather griefe than comfort to thy necessities? And againe, what secret thou shalt trust him with, thou maist bee sure shall be vomited forth, and all thy comfort must bee, He did it vnwillingly, when he am-

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hee knew not what hee did. Thus thou feest to bee a Drunkard, is to bee a man vnsit for Gods service, or good mens company. I beseech Godgiue thee grace to detestit.

Next, I must exhort thee from a sinne, that I cannot name, thou must search thine owne heart for it. It is thy darling sin, that which to enioy, thou could resist all others, at least thou thinkest so. But doe not harbour it, search diligently for it in thine owne nature, and when thou hast sound it, cast it headlong from thee.

It is thy soules subtill betraier, and all thy other fins depend vpon it. There is not so much danger in all the rest that thou contendest with, as in this one, that thou art loth to call a sinne. Thy other linnes are like a rebellious multitude in a common wealth, which wanting ahead, doe little harme. This is their head, cut it off, and thou thalt fee all thy other fins dispersed, as an army of fearfull Rebels, when they heare their great leaders head hath kift the blocke.

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When thou hast spent the day in religious and honest exercises, in the euening returne againe to some good meditation or study, which conclude with prayer, commending thy felfe to God, and so shalt thou ioyfully goe to thy fupper; which done, and the time of rest come, as thou begannest in the morning, so thut vp the day with humble thanksgiuing for all the benefits that day received, hearty repentance for all thy finnes committed, naming

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ming and bewailing them. For thou knowest not if thou repentest not to night, whether thou shalt live to repent to morrow. And though thou wert sure of it, yet the offner thou makest even thy accounts with God, thy sleepes will bee the sounder, and thou shalt awake with a heart full of ioy, and ready to serve the Lord.

Last, commit thy selfe, and all that is thine, to God in zealous Prayer, vsing Doctor Smiths evening prayer, as his morning: both which though they be for

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for a family, yet are they easily reduced to a private mans prayer. So going to bed, take thy rest, beginning and ending in him who is both first and last. Thus spend the six dayes thou hast to labour in, that thou maist bee ready to celebrate the Sabbath, to which there belongs another Remember.

(11)

Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath day. This duty so often and earnestly commanded by GOD himselse in the old Testament, so confirmed to

to vs in the new, by the Resurrection of our Sauiour, in memory whereof it is called the Lords day, and perpetually celebrated by the Church, yet in these dayes, as if wee neither had part in the creation, nor redemption of the world, too many keepe no Sabbath, or at the most but a shadow of a Sabbath. Where almost can wee finde one that will lose a good bargaine rather than make it on the Lords day? Or that will bridle his owne desires to sanctifie that day?

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Seeing therefore this danger, he

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ger, in which thou maist eafily bee entrapped by the Deuils subtilty, and following the multitude; I cannot but with all my power exhort thee, carefully to keepe the Sabbath, to which end I pray thee marke well the fourth Commaundement, Remember that thou keepe holy the Sabbath day, fix dayes shalt thou labour, and doe all that thou hast to doe, but the seventh is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God, in it thou shalt doe no manner of worke, thou, nor thy sonne, nor thy daughter, thy man servant, nor thy maid maid-servant, nor thy cattle that is within thy gates: For in six dayes the Lord made Heaven and Earth, the Sea, and all that is therein, and rested the seventh day, wherefore the Lord blessed the seventh day and hallowed it.

If thou wilt bee won to the due observation of this day as an obedient servant, see God commands, Remember that thou keepe holy the Sabbath day. If as a louing and dutifull sonne, see how GOD perswades thee, by equity, grounded upon his owne bounty to thee: Hee hath given thee

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six dayes to doe thine owne workes, and hee requires but one of thee. What canst thou say for thy selfe, why thou shouldest not wholly that day give thy selfe to his seruice? Lastly, if thou wilt learne how to serue him as a good Scholler, he teaches thee an admirable way, both by rule and example. First, by rule, Thou shalt. doe no manner of worke in it: then by example, He made the whole world in fix dayes, and hee rested the seuenth, wherefore hee blessed it. Seeing God thus com-

mands

mands thee by his power, perswades thee in his mercy, and teaches thee both by rule, and his owne most gratious example, how canst thou bee so devoid of grace, nay of reason, as not to obey so iust a Master? so mercifull a Father? fo gracious a Teacher? If thou make not a conscience of keeping this day, howfoeuer a dull fecurity may pofsesse to flatter thy selfe, thou indeed makest conscience of nothing. For I am perswaded, it thou canst dispence with thy felfe to prophane this day, either

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either for thy profit or pleafure, thou wilt not sticke vpon the like occasion to breake all the rest of the Commandements one after another.

Therefore for Christs sake bee watchfull that the Deuill deceive you not, nor none of his instruments draw thee away from this dayes duty. Hee is alwaies busie and ready at hand to draw thee away from God, but this day without doubt hee doubles all his forces, hee will prouoke thine eies to sleepe, hee will send heaminesse and dulnesse to thy F 3 heart,

heart, and perhaps paine to thy body, if he can so much prenaile: any fleight, any tricke to stay thee from Gods house, and from the Congregation of his people, hee will furely vie, nay hee will sometimes doe it with religious pretences, as to pray at home, reade a Sermon, Rudy the Scripture, and to spend the time in such Christian exercises, as are infinitely good at other times. But I once heard a religious Preacher affirme (and I beleeved him) that those who had ability of body to goe to Church,

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Church, and yet out of any euill disposition (for good it can hardly bee) absented themselves, though they prayed, they were not heard.

It behoues thee by how much greater his practifes are against thee that day, so much the more to fortisse thy selfe against him: at no hand let him stay thee from the Church, there GOD hath promised to bee present, and there hee is. Darest thou then, silly wretch, absent thy selfe from him? I know, thou darest not. Goe then with a heart pre-

pared

pared to pray by prayer, and going meditate on Gods great mercies in the ereation of the world, his greater mercy in redeeming it, and mingle with thy meditation prayers, that may apply these great blessings to thy selfe.

So approach and enter, with reverent and feruent zeale, the house of GOD, and throwing away all thoughts, but such as may further the good worke thou art about, bend thy knees and heart to God, desiring of him his holy. Spirit, that thou maist ioine with

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with the Congregation in zealous prayer, and earnest attention to his word preached. And though perhaps thou hearest a Minister preach, as thou thinkest, weakly, yet giue him thine attention, and thou shalt finde that hee will deliuer something profitable to thy foule, either that thou hast not heard before, or not marked, or forgotten, or not well put in practise. And it is fit thou shouldest bee often put in minde of those things concerning thy faluation. Thus if thou spend thy

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time

time at Church, thou wilt bee ready to give thy selfe to meditate of the holy Word thou haft heard, without which truly hearing profiteth little. For it is with the foule as with the body, though meat bee neuer so wholsome, and the appetite neuer so great, yet if any ill disposition in the stomacke hinder digestion, it turnes not to nourishment, but rather proues more dangerous. So the Word if after hearing it bee not digested by meditation, it is not nourishing to the soule. Therefore let the time

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time thou hast to bee absent from Church, bee spent in praising God, praying to God, and applying to thy selfe what thou half heard. If thou haft heard a sinne reproued that thou art guilty of, take it for a warning, doe it no more. If thou hearest of a good action which thou haft ouerslipt, striue to recouer time, and resolue to put it in act. Thus by practifing what thou hearest, thou shale binde it to thy memory, and by making it thine owne, make thy selfe most happy. Learne of Isaiah, the true obser-

observation of the Sabbath: If thou turne away thy foot from the Sabbath, from doing thy will on my holy day, and call the Sabbath a delight to confecrate it as glorious to the Lord, and shalt honour him, not doing thy owne wayes, nor feeking thine owne will, nor speaking a vaine word: Then shalt thou delight in the Lord, and I will cause thee to mount vpon the high places of the earth, and feed thee with the heritage of Iacob thy father, for the mouth of the Lord hath Spoken

spokenit, Isaiah 58.13.

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It is a wonder to see how often God hath commanded this one Commandement, and yet how slacke we are to keepe it. Exod. 31. from the 12. verse, is all commanding this: againe in the 34.21. and divers places more.

Learne then to prepare thy heart early for this day, which if thou observest well, God will blesse thee and thy labours all the weeke. Thus farre I have endeuoured to exhort thee to thy duty towards God.

(12) Of

(12:)

Of which the honour due to thy Parents is such a part as cannot bee separated; for God commands it, Honour thy father and thy mother, it is the first Commandement of the second table, as, Thou shal have none other Gods but mee, is of the first: Idolatry being the greatest fin against God, and disobedience to parents, being the ring-leader in finnes against man, wee are first warned of them, as if in case we should fall into them, it were too late to avoid the other.

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other. For if wee once become in heart Idolaters, it
will be no hard matter to be
a bower down to an Image,
to abuse Gods holy Name,
and to prophane his Sabbath: So if wee dare disobey good Parents, at that
breach, thest, murther,
adultery, falsenesse, couetousnesse easily enter.

Nay, I dare say, if thou breakest either of these Commandements, thou breakest all of the first and second Table: for as thou canst not bee idolatrous without breaking all the rest, so thou canst not bee

a disobedient childe, but thou art a murderer, a double one: first of nature in thy selfe, which if thy wicked purposes doe not smother, will ofher selfe breake forth into that duty. For an example, the story of Eneas thewes how much it was observed by them that received not the Commandement from Gods owne mouth, as did the Iewes, yet he exposed himselfe to all dangers rather than hee would forfake his father. Secondly, thou art a murtherer of thy father, who having stored vp all his

his ioy in thee, hath by thy disobedience his gray head brought with sorrow to the graue; which God forbid.

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And what difference, shall I say, is there betweene a disobedient childe, and an adulterer? the one forsakes her, by whom he gineth being vnto others; the other despiseth those from whom hee had his owne being. Truly this is a fearefull adultery, and sinne is a crafty strumpet, she will allure thee and delude thee.

Againe, in being disobedient thou art a theefe, an impudent impudent theefe, for thou doest not onely secretly steale, but openly detaine the honour, reuerence and obedient duty, which all the world can witnesse is thy fathers.

And how wilt thou auoid being a false witnesse? will not one sinne
draw on another? Wilt
not thou bee ready to exeuse thy vnnaturall obstinacy, by throwing calumnious aspersions on thy parents, giuing thy tongue
leaue to lie against thy conscience?

And lastly (Oh horrible) how

how easie a step is it to couet what thou thinkest thy parents life too long detaines from thee?

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Thus thou feeft in being disobedient thou breakest fix Commandements, from which outrage, I beseech Almighty GOD preserue thee, and give thee grace to bee obedient to him, and to thy parents. I am fure thou hast a father, who will neuer command thee any thing contrary to the Commandements of God. Therefore I have no need to speake to thee, how farre a father ought to bee obeyed: ed: but humbly desire of Godto continue him in his good desires with long life, that he may bring thee vp in the feare of the Lord, and to give thee a heart ready to embrace all religious learning.

(13)

The next duty equall to this, thou must performe to all the world in generall, Doe to all men as thou wouldst they should doe vnto thee. This is the commandement our Sauiour gives vs; Loue one another: by this wee shall bee knowne

knowne to be his, if we loue one another, as hee hath loued vs.

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Yet of all that is commanded vs, there is nothing more contrary to our wicked nature than this louing our neighbour as our selues. Wee can with ease enuie him if hee be rich, or scorne him if he be poore; but loue him? nay the Deuill hath more craft than fo. It were hard for him if men should once begin to loue one another: therefore hee vieth all Art to stir dissention among as many as he can, & to mix loue with diffimulation.

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To avoid this, consider well that God is the Author of peace and loue, and that strifes and contentions proceed of the Deuill. Then if thou beeft the child of God, doe the workes of God, loue thy neighbour as he hath comanded, lest thou prouoke our bleffed Sauiour, when hee shall see, that marke of the Deuill, malice in thee, to fay as once to the vnbeleeuing lewes, You are of your father the deuill, and the lufts of your father will you doe, Ioh. 8.44.

Oh take heed thou offend not God thus grieuously, er

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u L, uously, that hee shall disclaime thee as none of his, because thou doest not love those that are his.

This, if well weighed, were enough to make euery man charitable, if it were onely for feare to hate whom God loued. But to beleeue or judge that God should hate where thou doest, were such an impious vncharitablenesse as a good Christian must needs tremble at. God hath given thee no authoritie to judge any man, but he hath commanded thee to love thine enemie; Loue your enemies, bleffe

blesse them that curse you, doe good to them that hate you, and pray for them that hurt and persecute you, that you may be the children of your father which is in heauen, Matth. 5.44.

A man may finde wayes enow to possesse the Deuill of his foule, but none with lesse pleasure to himselfe than this: hee may fell it, as did Indas, to satisfie a couetous desire; hee may lose it, as does many a lazie man his worldly estate; because hee will not trouble himselfe to looke ouer an account of his fortune, hee finkes t

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linkes ere hee thinkes of it; so fares it with a negligent Christian. Thirdly, hee may pawne it, like a foolish vnthrift, who pawnes that which should keepe him all his life, to purchase a gay toy, which shall serue him a day or two: so doth hee that pawnes that rich iewell his foule, to the griping viurer the Deuill, for pleasure; haply hee meanes one day to redeeme it, but runnes on his selfe-pleasing course till the vse hath denoured the principall, and his vnmercifull Creditor hales him to a dungeon, where he has time tor

for euer to bewaile, not only his present misery, but the losse of infinite happinesse.

These are strange enough that a man should sell eternitie of joy for wealth, or fleepe away the time wherein hee might make fuch a purchase, or pawne an inestimable treasure for things not worth esteeme. But yet they are all better than hee that gives away his foule for nothing, as doth the enuious man. The couetous gets riches, the flothfull case, the wanton pleasure, but this hater of his brother, gets

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gets nothing (no not in prefent) but torment, fretting and vexation: he is not the fatter for his meat, nor doth hee rest though hee sleepe, yet he for whom, or against whom hee thus toiles his spirit, haply eats, sleepes, and laughes at his enuiers folly, or peraduenture pitties him.

The more easily to avoid this sinne, consider well the disprofits of it. Reade in the first Epistle of Saint Iohn 3. Chap. 14. and 15. Verses, and in the 4.chap. the 8. and the 20. verses: reade the 13. of the first to the Corinthians; there Saint Paul shewes

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that

that without charitie euen spirituall graces are of no worth. As the want of it brings infinite miserie, so the possession infinite ioy. By Charitie wee performe our Saujour Christs commandement, who often requires this of vs., as if hee should say, I have satisfied my father for all the commandements that you have broke. Now your taske is easie, I leave you nothing to doe, but to loue one another; doe this and you doe all. By it we fulfill the Law, Rom. 13. 8. and 10. verles. By it wee abide in the light, I Joh . 2. 10.

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Is it possible, when these are well weighed, that any man should bee so mad to beare an vncharitable heart about him, or so foole hardy to harbour a spleene that shall hazard his saluation? Can wee be fo cruell to our selves, as to deny Christ one commandement? For althis lone to vs, he requires but this testimony of our loue to him, which we cannot choose but performe if we doe loue him. Therefore take heed if thou feele any malice towards thy brother, bee fure thy heart is not vpright toward God. So root ic

nosting of it bee lest, for it will grow faster than Ionalis Gourd.

Answer mee not with Flelh and blond cannot doe this: I know it. But if thou desire God to give thee his holy Spirit, thou shalt bee strong to suffer, and ready to forgive. Thou must not in any thing bee subject to the sless, for the wisdome of the sless is death. But alwayes make thy spirit thy guide, for there is life and peace.

The deuill would desire no greater advantage than

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that thou would trust thy soule to the discretion of thy corrupt shells, he would soone inueigle that to betray thee. But when thou hast put thy selfe vnder the spirit, submitting thy will to the will of God, he is no more able to hurt thee.

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The next excuse I would take from thee, is a very soolish one, but so common, that I seare you may happen on it, and that is this; If I should suffer wrongs patiently, what will become of my reputation? what will the world say? Truly if you remember, Christ hath suffred fred more for you, than it is possible for you to suffer; yet hee never revised any of his enemies, nor strake his persecutors, but prayed for them. And his example teaches all that soue him to doe the like. He wils you to turne the left cheeke to him that smote the right, to give to him that takes from you, and to goe with him that compels you.

But these are strange rules for a generous spirit in these times, nay sure if I be strucke I must strike againe, else I am a coward. Indeed as for giving, if it were

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were to one that would delire it at my hands, I had rather give a fragment of my right than goe to law, but if hee will not fue to mee, Ile spend all I am worth ere I yeeld: Or I would goe out of my doore to shew a man his way, but I would faine see who could compell mee. I mary, this is of the right straine; bue now looke with a considerate eye vpon this custome of the world, and the former Commandement of Christ, and thou shalt finde them iust oppo-

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Therefore take heed, and let it bee thy chiefe careneuer to prize thy reputation with men equall to the faluation of thine owne foule. But if thou desirest to keepe thy credit vnblemished, ferue God with an vpright heart, and doe nothing to any man, that thou wouldest not bee content hee (hould doe vnto thee. | Qpen thy hand to the poore according to thy abilitie; meddle not with other mens occasions, but where thou maift doe good, and haft a calling to it. And if it bee in thy power to hurt thine

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thine enemy, let it passe, doe him good if thou canst, and boast not of it: he that sees thee in private, will openly reward thee.

Lastly, let thy heart bee kept alwayes in awe of this want of charity, by contiremembring that nuall thou hast of thy Sauiour no other forme of praier to defire forgiuenesse for thy selfe, than that wherein thou couenantest to forgiue others. All the other petitions wee present vnto God absolutely: onely this is conditionall, hee forgiue vs as wee forgiue others. Our SaSaujour hath taught vs no other way to defire it, and in the 18. of Matthew bee shewes God will no otherwise grant it.

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